## Unit 2: Fun Set 2.1

## Name:

$\qquad$

In each of the following cases, determine the effect on GDP and each of its components (if at all).

1. Debbie spends $\$ 200$ to buy her husband dinner at the finest restaurant in Boston.
2. Sarah spends $\$ 1800$ on a new laptop to use in her publishing business. The laptop was built in China.
3. Jane spends $\$ 1200$ on a computer to use in her editing business. She got last year's model on sale for a great price from a local manufacturer.
4. General Motors builds $\$ 500$ million worth of cars, but consumers only buy $\$ 470$ million worth of them.

|  | Pizza |  | Latte |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | $\boldsymbol{P}$ | $\boldsymbol{Q}$ | $\boldsymbol{P}$ | $\boldsymbol{Q}$ |
| 2002 | $\$ 10$ | 400 | $\$ 2.00$ | 1000 |
| 2003 | $\$ 11$ | 500 | $\$ 2.50$ | 1100 |
| 2004 | $\$ 12$ | 600 | $\$ 3.00$ | 1200 |

5. Based on the data above, compute the nominal GDP for each year as well as the change in nominal GDP from 2002-2003 and 2003-2004.
6. Based on the data above, use 2002 as the base year and compute the real GDP for each year as well as the change in real GDP from 2002-2003 and 2003-2004.

## 2007 FRQ:

3. Indicate whether each of the following is counted in the United States gross domestic product for the year 2006. Explain each of your answers.
(a) The value of a used textbook sold through an online auction in 2006
(b) Rent paid in 2006 by residents in an apartment building built in 2000
(c) Commissions earned in 2006 by a stockbroker
(d) The value of automobiles produced in 2006 entirely in South Korea by a firm fully owned by United States citizens

## 2012 Audit Exam

6. Which of the following best illustrates an improvement in a country's standard of living?
(A) An increase in real per capita gross domestic product
(B) An increase in nominal per capita gross domestic product
(C) Price stability
(D) A balanced budget
(E) An increase in the consumer price index

National Economic<br>Figures<br>(billions of dollars)

|  | National Econo <br> Figures <br> (billions of doll |
| :--- | :---: |
| Consumption | $\$ 3,000$ |
| Government purchases of goods and | 1,000 |
| services |  |
| Gross private domestic investment | 700 |
| Depreciation | 300 |
| Exports | 300 |
| Imports | 500 |
| Indirect business taxes | 0 |

32. Based on the economic figures in the table above, what is the value of gross domestic product, in billions of dollars?
(A) $\$ 4,500$
(B) $\$ 4,700$
(C) $\$ 4,900$
(D) $\$ 5,150$
(E) $\$ 5,950$
33. Which of the following will lead to an increase in the United States gross domestic product?
(A) More individuals prepare their own personal income tax forms.
(B) Some citizens begin working abroad as computer programmers.
(C) The government prohibits the sale of alcoholic beverages.
(D) Foreign companies build new assembly plants in the United States.
(E) A million United States households sell their used cars to their children.

| Year | Nominal GDP | Real GDP <br> (in 1970 dollars) | Population | GDP Deflator | Real GDP per <br> capita |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 1960 | $\$ 526.40$ | $\$ 1,501.80$ | 180 |  |  |
| 1970 | $3,038.50$ | $3,038.50$ | 205 |  |  |
| 1980 | $5,803.10$ | $\$ 3771.90$ | 227 |  |  |

Use the table above to answer these questions:
1.Calculate the GDP Deflator for each year and enter it in the table.
2.Which year is the base year? How do you know?
3.Calculate the Real GDP per capita for each year and enter it in the table.
4.In which year was the standard of living the best for this country? How do you know?
5.What is the GDP Growth Rate from 1960 to 1980?

| Year | Nominal GDP | Real GDP |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2002 | $\$ 6000$ | $\$ 6000$ |
| 2003 | $\$ 8250$ | $\$ 7200$ |
| 2004 | $\$ 10,800$ | $\$ 8400$ |

7. Based on the data above, calculate the change in real and nominal GDP from 2002-2003 and 2003-2004.
8. Based on the data above, compute the GDP Deflator for each year as well as the change in the GDP Deflator from 2002-2003 and 2003-2004.

|  | 2004 (base yr) |  | 2005 |  | 2006 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $P$ | $Q$ | $P$ | $Q$ | $P$ | $Q$ |
| good A | $\$ 30$ | 900 | $\$ 31$ | 1,000 | $\$ 36$ | 1050 |
| good B | $\$ 100$ | 192 | $\$ 102$ | 200 | $\$ 100$ | 205 |

Use the above data to solve these problems:
9. Compute nominal GDP in 2004.
10. Compute real GDP in 2005.
11. Compute the GDP deflator in 2006.

## 2008 Form B FRQ:

OUTPUTS AND PRICES IN GALA LAND

| This Year's Output | This Year's Price |
| :---: | :---: |
| 400 loaves of bread | $\$ 6$ per loaf |
| 1,000 gallons of water | $\$ 2$ per gallon |
| 800 pieces of fruit | $\$ 2$ per piece |

Gala Land produces three final goods: bread, water, and fruit. The table above shows this year's output and price for each good.
(a) Calculate this year's nominal gross domestic product (GDP).
(b) Assume that in Gala Land the GDP deflator (GDP price index) is 100 in the base year and 150 this year. Calculate each of the following.
(i) The inflation rate, expressed as a percentage, between the base year and this year
(ii) This year's real GDP
(c) Since the base year, workers have received a 20 percent increase in their nominal wages. If workers face the same inflation that you calculated in part (b)(i), what has happened to their real wages? Explain.
(d) If the GDP deflator in Gala Land increases unexpectedly, would a borrower with a fixed-interest-rate loan be better off or worse off? Explain.

Show your work on all of the following practice problems:

1. Assume that the nominal GDP is $\$ 60$ billion and the real GDP is $\$ 40$ billion. Calculate the GDP deflator.
2. Assume that the nominal GDP is $\$ 70$ billion and the GDP deflator is 140 . Calculate the real GDP.
3. Assume that the real GDP in Year 2022 is $\$ 8000$ and the GDP deflator is 200. Calculate the Nominal GDP.
4. In an economy, Real GDP (base year $=1996$ ) is $\$ 100$ billion and the Nominal GDP is $\$ 150$ billion. Calculate the GDP deflator.
5. In an economy, Real GDP (base year $=1996$ ) is $\$ 125$ billion and the Nominal GDP is $\$ 150$ billion. Calculate the GDP deflator.
6. In an economy, Real GDP for year 2002 (base year $=1996$ ) is $\$ 200$ billion and the GDP deflator 2002 (base year =1996) is 120. Calculate the Nominal GDP for 2002.
7. In an economy, Nominal GDP for year 2005 (base year = 1996) is $\$ 60$ billion and the GDP deflator 2005 (base year = 1996) is 120. Calculate the Real GDP for 2005.
